

## E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS & COMPANY

INCORPORATED

1007 MARKET STREET
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE 19898

AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT FABRICATED PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT DIVISION

May 31, 1989

83 JUN -6 AM 8: 58 BTG BUCHERT CHATROL BETICE



000657061F

90-890000093

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

TSCA Document Processing Center (TS-790)
Office of Toxic Substances
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room L-100
401 M Street, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

Attention: CAIR Reporting

Sir/Madam:

### CAIR - 40 CFR PART 704

On behalf of E. I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co., I am submitting the report under TSCA Section 8(a) for our manufacturing site, Mt. Clemens. The report is completed in response to the Federal Register notice of 12/22/88, and documents the use of TDI, CAS #026471-62-5 (Mondur TD-80) in polymerization process.

Very truly yours,

Eva M. Vary

Environmental Consultant

EMV/kle

		SECTION 1 GENERAL MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER, AND PROCESSOR INFORMATION
PART A	A G	ENERAL REPORTING INFORMATION
(1.01)	Thi	s Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting Form has been
CBI	com	pleted in response to the <u>Federal Register Notice of <math>[\overline{I}]\overline{2}</math> <math>[\overline{2}]\overline{2}</math> <math>[\overline{2}]\overline{2}</math> <math>[\overline{8}]\overline{8}</math> year</u>
[_]	a.	If a Chemical Abstracts Service Number (CAS No.) is provided in the Federal
		Register, list the CAS No $[0]\overline{2}\overline{6}\overline{4}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{5}$
	Ъ.	If a chemical substance CAS No. is not provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , list either (i) the chemical name, (ii) the mixture name, or (iii) the trade name of the chemical substance as provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> .
		(i) Chemical name as listed in the rule
		(ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule
		(iii) Trade name as listed in the rule
	c.	If a chemical category is provided in the <u>Federal</u> <u>Register</u> , report the name of the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category.
		Name of category as listed in the rule
		CAS No. of chemical substance [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]-[_]
		Name of chemical substance
1.02	Ide	ntify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s).
CBI	Man	ufacturer 1
[_]	Imp	orter 2
	Pro	cessor
	X/P	manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor
	X/P	processor reporting for customer who is a processor
[_]	lark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.03			substance you are reporting on have an "x/p" designation as	ssociated with it
CBI			ove-listed <u>Federal</u> <u>Register</u> Notice? 	o to question 1 04
[_]			[ <u>]</u> Go	
1.04 <u>CBI</u>	<b>a</b> .	under Circle Yes .	u manufacture, import, or process the listed substance and a trade name(s) different than that listed in the Federal e the appropriate response.  the appropriate box below:  You have chosen to notify your customers of their reporting Provide the trade name(s)	Register         Notice?
		( <u> </u>	You have chosen to report for your customers	
1.05 <u>CBI</u> [_]	rep Trad Is Yes	orting de name the tra	y a trade name product and are reporting because you were requirements by your trade name supplier, provide that trace	ee
1.06 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Cer sign "I lente	tification the control the con	tion The person who is responsible for the completion of certification statement below:  certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all this form is complete and accurate."  J. Pokrzywinski  NAME  STENATURE  ENVIRONMENTAL SLAV. (313) 468 - 9221  TITLE  TELEPHONE NO.	this form must
[ <u>]</u> ] M	lark	(X) th	his box if you attach a continuation sheet.	

1.07					
<u>CBI</u>	Exemptions From Reporting If you have provided EPA or another Federal agency with the required information on a CAIR Reporting Form for the listed substance within the past 3 years, and this information is current, accurate, and complete for the time period specified in the rule, then sign the certification below. You are required to complete section 1 of this CAIR form and provide any information now required but not previously submitted. Provide a copy of any previous submissions along with your Section 1 submission.				
	"I hereby certify that, to the information which I have not into EPA within the past 3 years period specified in the rule."	cluded in	n this CAII	R Reporting Fo	orm has been submitted
	NAME		SIG	NATURE	DATE SIGNED
	TITLE	(	TELEPH	ONE NO.	DATE OF PREVIOUS SUBMISSION
(1.08) <u>CBI</u> [_]	CBI Certification If you have certify that the following state those confidentiality claims who "My company has taken measures and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable using legitimate means (other to a judicial or quasi-judicial prinformation is not publicly avawould cause substantial harm to	ements to ich you to prote ese meas by other han discoceeding ilable e	ruthfully have asser  of the con ures; the persons ( overy base ) without lsewhere;	and accurately ted.  fidentiality of information is other than good on a showing my company's of and disclosure	of the information, so not, and has not vernment bodies) by g of special need in consent; the
	Λ//ρ				
	NAME		SI	GNATURE	DATE SIGNED
	TITLE	(	)	HONE NO.	<del></del>

	B CORPORATE DATA
1.09)	Facility Identification
CBI	Name [D]U]P]O]N]T] ]   M]T]   C]L]E M]E N]S] ]P L]A N]T] ]
(_)	Address [4]0]0]]G]R]0]E]S]B]E]C]K]]H]W]Y]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	[M]T] ] [] [] [M] [E] [N] [S] ] ] ] ] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []
	[ <u>M]I</u> ] [ <u>4]B]O]4]3][]]]] State</u>
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	EPA ID Number
	Employer ID Number
	Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code
	Other SIC Code
	Other SIC Code
1.10)	Company Headquarters Identification
CBI	Name $[E]$ $]$ $]$ $D$ $[U]$ $D$ $[D]$ $[$
[_]	Address [T]E]N]T]H]]A]N]D]]M]A]R]K]E]T]]S]T]S]T]S]]
	[ <u>W]T]L]M]T]N]G]T]0]N]</u> _]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[D]E] []9]8]9]8][]]]] State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	Employer ID Number

1.11	Parent Company Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name $[E]$ $]$ $]$ $]$ $D$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$
	[ <u>w] [] [ ] M] [] [ [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]</u>
	$[\underline{\overline{D}}]\underline{\varepsilon}]$ $[\underline{\overline{I}}]\underline{q}]\underline{\overline{g}}]\underline{q}]\underline{\overline{g}}][\underline{\overline{I}}]\underline{\overline{I}}]$ State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
1.12	Technical Contact
CBI	Name $[\underline{E}]$ $]$ $]$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$
[_]	Title [S]A]F]E]T]Y]   \$     E   D   V   I   R   O   N   M   E   N   T   A   L   S   U   P.
	Address [4]0]0]0][6]R]0]E]S]B]E]C]K] J  J  J  J  J  J  J  J  J  J  J  J  J
	(M)T] ] C ] L ] E ] M ] E ] M ] S ] _ ] _ ] _ ] _ ] _ ] _ ] _ ] _ ] _
	[M] <u>I</u> ] [4] <u>0</u> ]0]4] <u>3</u> ][]]]
	Telephone Number $[3]\overline{1}3]-[4]\overline{6}9\overline{2}2\overline{2}$
1.13	This reporting year is from $[ \overline{o} ] \overline{[} ] [ \overline{8} ] \overline{8} ]$ to $[ \overline{1} ] \overline{2} ] [ \overline{8} ] \overline{8} ]$ Mo. Year
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.14	Facility Acquired If you purchased this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the seller:
CBI	Name of Seller [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]]]]]]]]]
[_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	N/A [_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1_1
	$\begin{bmatrix} - \\ - \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} - \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} - \\ - $
	Employer ID Number
	Date of Sale
	Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	Telephone Number
1.15	Facility Sold If you sold this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the buyer:
CBI	Name of Buyer [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
[_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	//A
	[_]_] [_]_]_]_][_]_]_]_ State
	Employer ID Number
	Date of Purchase
	Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	Telephone Number
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

was manufactured, imported, or processed at your facil		antity (kg/yr
Classification		
Manufactured		
Imported		
Processed (include quantity repackaged)		1,061,753
Of that quantity manufactured or imported, report tha	t quantity:	
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year		
For on-site use or processing		
For direct commercial distribution (including expo	rt)	
In storage at the end of the reporting year		
Of that quantity processed, report that quantity:		
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year		28,600
Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)		1,061,753
Processed as a formulation component (mixture prod	lucer)	
Processed as an article component (article produce	er)	
Repackaged (including export)		
In storage at the end of the reporting year		<u> 36,300</u>
		s.

DADT	~	IDENTIFICATION	OF	MITTIPES
PARI	- ( )	IDENTIFICATION	UF	UTVIUVED

1.17) CBI	.17 Mixture If the listed substance on which you are required to report is a mix or a component of a mixture, provide the following information for each compone chemical. (If the mixture composition is variable, report an average percentage each component chemical for all formulations.)  BI					
[_]	Component Name	Supplier <b>Na</b> me	Average % Composition by Weight (specify precision, e.g., 45% ± 0.5%)			
	2,4-TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE	MOBAY, OLIN GORP.	80±0%			
	2,6-TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE	MOBAY, OLIN CORP.	20±0%			
			Total 100%			

 $[ \underline{ } ]$  Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

(2.04)	State the quantity of the listed substance that your facility manufactured, import or processed during the 3 corporate fiscal years preceding the reporting year in descending order.	ed
CBI		
[_]	Year ending $[\overline{I}]\overline{2}$ $[\overline{8}]$ Mo. Ye	7 ar
	Quantity manufactured	kį
	Quantity imported	. kı
	Quantity processed	k
	Year ending	6 ar
	Quantity manufactured	k
	Quantity imported	k
	Quantity processed	, kį
	Year ending	<u>5</u> ar
	Quantity manufactured	. kį
	Quantity imported	kį
	Quantity processed	kį
2.05)	Specify the manner in which you manufactured the listed substance. Circle all appropriate process types.	
<u>CBI</u>	N/A	
[_]	Continuous process	. :
	Semicontinuous process	. :
	Batch process	. :
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	

2.06 CBI	Specify the manner in wappropriate process type	which you processed to	he listed substance.	Circle all
[_]	Continuous process			
	Semicontinuous process		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	Batch process			
2.07) CBI	State your facility's r substance. (If you are question.)	name-plate capacity fe a batch manufacture	or manufacturing or pr r or batch processor,	cocessing the listed do not answer this
[_]			N/A	
ι,	Manufacturing capacity			kg/y:
	Processing capacity .			kg/y
2.08) CBI	If you intend to increamanufactured, imported year, estimate the increavolume.	. or processed at any	time after your curre	ent corporate fiscal
ſJ		Quantity (kg)	Quantity (kg)	Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase			
	Amount of decrease			1,061,753
<del></del> .	M 1 (17) 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		ion shock	
II	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a continuat	Ton Sheet.	

2.09	listed substanc	argest volume manufacturing or processing proces e, specify the number of days you manufactured of g the reporting year. Also specify the average s type was operated. (If only one or two opera-	or processed number of h	ours per
<u>CBI</u> [_]			Days/Year	Average Hours/Day
	Process Type #1	(The process type involving the largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured		
		Processed	_/37_	24
	Process Type #2	(The process type involving the 2nd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured		
		Processed		
	Process Type #3	(The process type involving the 3rd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured		
		Processed		
2.10 <u>CBI</u> [_]	State the maxim substance that chemical.	oum daily inventory and average monthly inventor was stored on-site during the reporting year in	y of the list	sted f a bulk
	Maximum daily i	nventory	36,:	300 k
	Average monthly	inventory	. <u>23,</u>	600 kį
[_]	Mark (X) this b	oox if you attach a continuation sheet.		

[_]	etc.).				Source of By-
	CAS No.	Chemical Name	Byproduct, Coproduct or Impurity <sup>1</sup>	Concentration (%) (specify ± % precision)	products, Co- products, or Impurities
	_N/A				
			<u> </u>		
					***************************************

 $<sup>[\ \ ]</sup>$  Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

a.	b. % of Quantity Manufactured,	c. % of Quantity	d.
Product Types <sup>1</sup>	Imported, or Processed	Used Captively On-Site	Type of End-Users
P	6.12%		I
Use the following cod	les to designate prod		ole/Rubber and additiv
<pre>A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactar</pre>	nt	M = Plasticizer	
<pre>C = Catalyst/Initiato Sensitizer</pre>	or/Accelerator/		lorant/Ink and additive prographic chemical
D = Inhibitor/Stabili	zer/Scavenger/	and additives	
Antioxidant E = Analytical reagen	· +	P = Electrodepositi O = Fuel and fuel a	on/Plating chemicals
F = Chelator/Coagulan		R = Explosive chemi	cals and additives
G = Cleanser/Detergen	nt/Degreaser	S = Fragrance/Flavo	
<pre>H = Lubricant/Frictio agent</pre>	on modifier/Antiwear	U = Functional flui	
<pre>I = Surfactant/Emulsi</pre>	fier	V = Metal alloy and	
<pre>J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Ad</pre>	Thesive and additives	<pre>W = Rheological mod X = Other (specify)</pre>	
<sup>2</sup> Use the following cod			
ose the rorrowing cou	ies to designate the		
I = Industrial	CS = Cons	umer	

<u>CBI</u>	used captively on-site as a partypes of end-users for each parties and an example.)			
	% Μα	of Quantity unufactured, imported, or Processed	% of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	Type of End-Users <sup>2</sup>
		5.28%	0	I
	<pre>1 Use the following codes to d A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator/Accel     Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilizer/Sca     Antioxidant E = Analytical reagent F = Chelator/Coagulant/Seque G = Cleanser/Detergent/Degre H = Lubricant/Friction modif     agent I = Surfactant/Emulsifier J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Adhesive</pre>	erator/ ! venger/ strant ! aser ! ier/Antiwear ! i	L = Moldable/Castabl M = Plasticizer N = Dye/Pigment/Colo D = Photographic/Rep and additives P = Electrodepositio D = Fuel and fuel ad R = Explosive chemic E = Fragrance/Flavor D = Pollution contro D = Functional fluid D = Metal alloy and D = Rheological modi	n/Plating chemicals ditives als and additives chemicals l chemicals s and additives additives

a.	b.	c. Average % Composition of	d.
Product Type <sup>1</sup>	Final Product's Physical Form <sup>2</sup>	Listed Substance in Final Product	Type of End-User
N/A			
<sup>1</sup> Use the following co	des to designate pr		
A = Solvent B = Synthetic reacta	n t	L = Moldable/Castabl M = Plasticizer	e/Rubber and ad
C = Catalyst/Initiat		N = Dye/Pigment/Colo	rant/Ink and ad
Sensitizer		0 = Photographic/Rep	
D = Inhibitor/Stabil	izer/Scavenger/	and additives	• .
Antioxidant	J	P = Electrodepositio	
E = Analytical reage	nt	Q = Fuel and fuel ad	
F = Chelator/Coagula	nt/Sequestrant	R = Explosive chemic	
G = Cleanser/Deterge	nt/Degreaser	S = Fragrance/Flavor	
H = Lubricant/Fricti	on modifier/Antiwea	r T = Pollution contro U = Functional fluid	
<pre>agent I = Surfactant/Emuls</pre>	ifier	V = Metal alloy and	
J = Flame retardant	11161	W = Rheological modi	
	dhesive and additiv	es X = Other (specify)	
<sup>2</sup> Use the following co	des to designate th	e final product's physi	cal form:
A = Gas		ystalline solid	
B = Liquid	F3 = Gr	anules	
C = Aqueous solution		her solid	
D = Paste	G = Ge	her (specify)	
E = Slurry F1 = Powder	n = 0t	ner (specify)	
<sup>3</sup> Use the following co	des to designate th	e type of end-users:	
I = Industrial	CS = Co		
CM = Commercial	H = 0t	her (specify)	

2.15 CBI		le all applicable modes of transportation used to deliver bulk shipments of ted substance to off-site customers.	he
[_]	Truck	(	. 1
	Railo	car	. 2
	Barge	e, Vessel	. 3
	Pipel	line	. 4
	Plane	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 5
	Other	(specify)	. 6
(2.16) CBI	or pr	omer Use Estimate the quantity of the listed substance used by your custom repared by your customers during the reporting year for use under each categorial use listed (i-iv).	ners ory
[_]	Categ	gory of End Use	
	i.	Industrial Products	
		Chemical or mixture k	(g/yr
		Article k	cg/yr
	ii.	Commercial Products	
		Chemical or mixture k	cg/yr
		Article k	cg/yr
	iii.	Consumer Products	
		Chemical or mixture k	g/yr
		Article k	g/yr
	iv.	Other	
		Distribution (excluding export) k	g/yr
		Export k	g/yr
		Quantity of substance consumed as reactant k	g/yr
			g/yr
[_]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	

SECTION	3	PROCESSOR	RAW	MATERIAL	IDENTIFICATION
---------	---	-----------	-----	----------	----------------

S.01) Specify the quantity purch for each major source of s  The average price is the m substance.			
Source of Supply		Quantity (kg)	Average Prio (\$/kg)
The listed substance was m	anufactured on-site.		
The listed substance was t different company site.	ransferred from a	-	
The listed substance was po a manufacturer or importer	urchased directly from .	1,061,753	.545
The listed substance was pudistributor or repackager.	urchased from a		
The listed substance was puproducer.	urchased from a mixture		
O2) Circle all applicable modes your facility.  Truck	······································		
] Mark (X) this box if you att	ach a continuation sheet		

<u>CB1</u>	Circle all applicable containers used to transport the listed substance to yo facility.	
1_1	Bags	
	Boxes	••
	Free standing tank cylinders	• •
	Tank rail cars	• •
	Hopper cars	• •
	Tank trucks	(
	Hopper trucks	••
	Drums	••
	Pipeline	
	Other (specify)	1
b.	If the listed substance is transported in pressurized tank cylinders, tank racars, or tank trucks, state the pressure of the tanks.	il
	Tank cylinders	mmH
		mmH mmH
	Tank rail cars	
	Tank rail cars	mmH

CRT :	Call distance the nes	me of its supplier(s ition by weight of t	form of a mixture, list the t ) or manufacturer(s), an estine he listed substance in the miner porting year.	Marc or circ
I J	Trade Name  Mondue TD-80	Supplier or Manufacturer Moray	Average % Composition by Weight (specify ± % precision) 2,4-TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE 2,6-TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE (80/20)	Amount Processed (kg/yr) /,06/,573 Ka
			, .	

reporting year in the for the percent composition,	rm of a class I chemical, clas by weight, of the listed subs	stance.
	Quantity Used (kg/yr)	<pre>% Composition by Weight of Listed Sub stance in Raw Materia (specify ± % precision</pre>
Class I chemical	1,061,573	<u>100%</u>
Class II chemical		
Polymer		
		,
	,	

	CE	CTION 4 PHYSICAL/CHE	MICAL PROPERTIES	
	250	CITON 4 PHISICAL/CHL	THORE TROTERIES	
Gener	al Instructions:	Y		
If yo 4 tha	u are reporting on a mi t are inappropriate to	xture as defined in t mixtures by stating "	he glossary, reply to qu NA mixture."	uestions in Section
notic	uestions 4.06-4.15, if e that addresses the in mile in lieu of answeri	formation requested,	d warning statement, labyou may submit a copy of ich it addresses.	bel, MSDS, or other r reasonable
PART	A PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DA	TA SUMMARY		
(-)	substance as it is man substance in the final	ufactured, imported, product form for man	jor <sup>1</sup> technical grade(s) or processed. Measure ufacturing activities, egin to process the sub	the purity of the at the time you
[_]		Manufacture	Import	Process
	Technical grade #1	% purity	% purity	
	Technical grade #2	% purity	% purity	% purity
	Technical grade #3	% purity	% purity	% purity
	<sup>1</sup> Major = Greatest quan	tity of listed substa	nce manufactured, impor	ted or processed.
4.02	substance, and for eve an MSDS that you devel version. Indicate whe appropriate response.	ry formulation contai oped and an MSDS deve ther at least one MSI	Safety Data Sheet (MSDS ning the listed substan loped by a different so S has been submitted by	ce. If you possess urce, submit your circling the
	No			
	Indicate whether the M	SDS was developed by	your company or by a di	fferent source.
	Your company			

[\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

Another source .....

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

DIVISION ADDRESS

**Mobay Corporation** A Bayer USA INC. COMPANY



MOBAY CORPORATION Polyurethane Division Mobay Road Pittsburgh, PA 15205-9741

ISSUE DATE SUPERSEDES

LOCAL

10/26/87 9/14/87

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY: CALL CHEMTREC

TELEPHONE NO: 800-424-9300; DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: 202-483-7616

MOBAY NON-TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY NO.: (412) 923-1800

## PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Mondur TD-80 (All Grades) PRODUCT NAME.....

PRODUCT CODE NUMBER....: E-002

CHEMICAL FAMILY....: Aromatic Isocyanate

CHEMICAL NAME....: Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI)

SYNONYMS....: Benzene, 1,3-diisocyanato methyl-

CAS NUMBER....: 26471-62-5 T.S.C.A. STATUS....: On Inventory

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION

This product is hazardous under the criteria of

the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

CHEMICAL FORMULA...:  $C_9H_6N_2O_2$ 

## HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

**COMPONENTS:** %: OSHA-PEL ACGIH-TLV

80% 0.02 ppm 0.005 ppm TWA 2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) Ceiling 0.02 ppm STEL CAS# 584-84-9

Not Established Not Established 2,6-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) 20%

CAS# 91-08-7

#### III. PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE..... Liquid COLOR....: Water white to pale yellow

Sharp, pungent

ODOR THRESHOLD....: Greater than TLV of 0.005 ppm

MOLECULAR WEIGHT....: 174

Approx. 55°F (13°C) Approx. 484°F (251°C) Approx. 0.025 mmHg @ 77°F (25°C) MELT POINT/FREEZE POINT..: BOILING POINT....:

VAPOR PRESSURE....:

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1)....: 6.0

Not Applicable 1.22 @ 77°F (25°C) SPECIFIC GRAVITY....:

BULK DENSITY....: 10.18 lbs/gal

SOLUBILITY IN WATER....: Reacts slowly with water at normal room

temperature to liberate CO2 gas.

% VOLATILE BY VOLUME....: Nealiaible

> Product Code: E-002 Page 1 of 8

## IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT OF(OC)...... 260°F (127°C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup FLAMMABLE LIMITS -

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA.....:** Dry chemical (e.g. monaommonium phosphate, potassium sulfate, and potassium chloride), carbon dioxide, high expansion (proteinic) chemical foam, water spray for large fires. <u>Caution</u>: Reaction

between water or foam and hot TDI can be vigorous.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES/UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS:
Full emergency equipment with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing (such as rubber gloves, boots, bands around legs, arms and waist) should be worn by fire fighters. No skin surface should be exposed. During a fire, TDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. (See Section VIII). At temperatures greater than 350°F (177°C) TDI forms carbodiimides with the release of CO<sub>2</sub> which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is possible. Therefore, use cold water to cool fire-exposed containers.

## V. HUMAN HEALTH DATA

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF

ENTRY...... Inhalation. Skin contact from liquid, vapors or aerosols.

# EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE INHALATION

Acute Exposure. TDI vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperractivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack. Exposure well above the TLV may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). These effects are usually reversible. Chemical or hypersensitive pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure.

Chronic Exposure. As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanate has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent.

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## V. HUMAN HEALTH DATA (Continued)

### SKIN CONTACT

<u>Acute Exposure.</u> Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation which may include the following symptoms: reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove.

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have developed a skin sensitization can develop these symptoms as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or as a result of exposure to vapor.

### **EYE CONTACT**

Acute Exposure. Liquid, aerosols or vapors are severely irritating and can cause pain, tearing, reddening and swelling. If left untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal. However, damage is usually reversible. See Section VI for treatment.

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis.

### INGESTION

Acute Exposure. Can result in irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Chronic Exposure. None found.

## MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE..: Asthma, other respiratory disorders (bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial hyperractivity), skin allergies, eczema.

CARCINOGENICITY...... No carcinogenic activity was observed in lifetime inhalation studies in rats and mice (International Isocyanate Institute).

IARC...... IARC has announced that it will list TDI as a substance for which there is sufficient evidence for its carcinogenicity in experimental animals but inadequate evidence for the carcinogencity of TDI to humans (IARC Monograph 39).

OSHA..... Not listed.

### **EXPOSURE LIMITS**

### VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT...... Flush with copious amounts of water, preferably lukewarm for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open all the time. Refer individual to physician or an ophthalmologist for immediate follow-up.

Product Code: E-002
Page 3 of 8

## VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURE (Continued)

SKIN CONTACT..... Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Tincture of green soap and water is also effective in removing isocyanates. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse. For severe exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, then get medical attention. For lesser exposures, seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists after the area is washed. INHALATION..... Move to an area free from risk of further exposure. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain medical attention. Asthmatic-type symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours. Consult physician. INGESTION..... Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 to 2 cups of milk or water to drink. DO NOT GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. Consult physician. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN...... Eyes. Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin. This compound is a known skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns. Ingestion. symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this compound. Respiratory. This compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer. Treatment is essentially symptomatic. An individual having a skin or pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material should be removed from exposure to any isocyanate.

## VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS

EYE PROTECTION..... Liquid chemical goggles or full-face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn. If vapor exposure is causing irritation, use a full-face, air-supplied respirator. SKIN PROTECTION.....: Chemical resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). However, please note that PVA degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered only by the cream to a minimum. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION....: An approved positive pressure air-supplied respirator is required whenever TDI concentrations are not known or exceed the Short-Term Exposure or Ceiling Limit of 0.02 ppm or exceed the 8-hour Time Weighted Average TLV of 0.005 ppm. An approved air-supplied respirator with full facepiece must also be worn during spray application, even if exhaust ventilation is used. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure limits may be greatly exceeded, use an approved, positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. TDI has poor warning properties since the odor at which TDI can be smelled is substantially higher than 0.02 ppm. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

> Product Code: E-002 Page 4 of 8

## VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS (Continued)

**VENTILATION.....:** Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever TDI is handled, processed, or spray-applied. At normal room temperatures (70°F) TDI levels quickly exceed the TLV unless properly ventilated. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (e.g., ACGIH Industrial Ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation.

MONITORING.....: TDI exposure levels must be monitored by accepted monitoring techniques to ensure that the TLV is not exceeded. (Contact Mobay for guidance). See Volume 1 (Chapter 17) and Volume 3 (Chapter 3) in Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology for sampling strategy.

MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE.....: Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with TDI is recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with respiratory function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with TDI. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to TDI, no further exposure can be permitted.

OTHER...... Safety showers and eyewash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in safe use of product. Follow all label instructions.

## VIII. REACTIVITY DATA

**STABILITY.....:** Stable under normal conditions. **POLYMERIZATION.....:** May occur if in contact with moisture or other materials which react with isocyanates. Self-reaction may occur at temperatures over 350°F (177°C) or at lower temperatures if sufficient time is involved. See Section IV.

INCOMPATIBILITY

(MATERIALS TO AVOID)....: Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols. Will cause some corrosion to copper alloys and aluminum. Reacts with water to form heat, CO<sub>2</sub> and insoluble ureas.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

**PRODUCTS.....** By high heat and fire: carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, traces of HCN, TDI vapors and mist.

## IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment, including respiratory equipment during clean-up. (See Section VII).

Major Spill: Call Mobay at 412/923-1800. If transportation spill, call CHEMTREC 800/424-9300. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over the spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed, container for disposal.

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## IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES (Continued)

Minor Spill: Absorb isocyanate with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well-ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of water (80%) with non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10 (20%), or; water (90%), concentrated ammonia (3-8%) and detergent (2%). Add about 10 parts or neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let CO<sub>2</sub> escape.

Clean-up: Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution fetting stand for at least 15 minutes.

CERCLA (SUPERFUND) REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 100 pounds for TDI

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD....: Follow all federal, state or local regulations. TDI must be disposed of in a permitted incinerator or landfill. Incineration is the preferred method for liquids. Solids are usually incinerated or landfilled. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Empty decontaminated containers should be crushed to prevent reuse. DO NOT HEAT OR CUT EMPTY CONTAINER WITH ELECTRIC OR GAS TORCH. (See Sections IV and VIII). Vapors and gases may be highly toxic.

RCRA STATUS.....: TDI is listed as a hazardous waste (No. U-223) under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 261.33 (f). The residue from decontaminating a TDI spill is also classified as a hazardous waste under Section 261.3 (c)(2) or RCRA.

## X. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS & STORAGE DATA

STORAGE TEMPERATURE

AVERAGE SHELF LIFE..... 12 months

SPECIAL SENSITIVITY

(HEAT, LIGHT, MOISTURE).: If container is exposed to high heat, 375°F (177°C) it can be pressurized and possibly rupture. TDI reacts slowly with water to form polyureas and liberates CO<sub>2</sub> gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN

IN HANDLING AND STORING.: Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. Prevent all contact. Do not breathe the vapors. Warning properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) are not adequate to prevent chronic overexposure from inhalation. This material can produce asthmatic sensitization upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively high concentration or upon repeated inhalation exposures to lower concentrations. Exposure to vapors of heated TDI can be extremely dangerous. Employee education and training in safe handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

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## XI. SHIPPING DATA

D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME...: Toluene Diisocyanate
TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME...: Toluene Diisocyanate
D.O.T. HAZARD CLASS....: Poison B

FRT. CLASS BULK..... Toluene Diisocyanate

FRT. CLASS PKG...... Chemicals, NOI (Toluene Diisocyante) NMFC 60000

PRODUCT LABEL..... Mondur TD-80 Product Label

## XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA

## ACUTE TOXICITY

ORAL, LD50..... Range of 4130-6170 mg/kg (Rats and Mice)

DERMAL, LD50..... Greater than 10,000 mg/kg (Rabbits)

INHALATION, LC50.(4 hr).: Range of 16-50 ppm (Rat), 10 ppm (Mouse),

11 ppm (Rabbit), 13 ppm (Guinea Pig).

EYE EFFECTS...... Severe eye irritant capable of inducing corneal

opacity.

diisocyanates may occur.

SUB-CHRONIC/CHRONIC TOXICITY: Sub-chronic and chronic animal studies show that the primary effects of inhaling vapors and/or aerosols of TDI are restricted to the pulmonary systems. Emphysema, pulmonary edema, pneumonitis and rhinitis are common pathologic effects. Extended exposures to as low as 0.1 ppm TDI have induces pulmonary inflammation.

OTHED

CARCINOGENICITY.....: The NTP conducted carcinogenesis studies of a commercial grade TDI using rats and mice in which the test material was diluted in corn oil and administered by gavage. The investigators concluded that TDI was carcinogenic in male and female rats (fibrosarcomas, pancreatic adenomas, neoplastic liver nodules and mammary gland fibrosarcomas) and female mice (hemangiosarcomas and hepatocellular adenomas). However, chronic inhalation studies in which rats and mice were exposed to 0.05 and 0.15 ppm TDI (10-30 times recommended TLV, 8-hr level) induced no treatment-related tumorigenic effects. In these studies, both exposure levels produced extensive irritation to the nasal passages and upper respiratory system of the test animals indicating that suitable effective exposures were administered.

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## XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA (Continued)

MUTAGENICITY..... TDI is positive in the Ames assay with activation. However, mammalian cell transformation assays using human lung cells and Syrian hamster kidney cells were negative, as were micronucleus tests using rats and mice.

LC<sub>50</sub> - 96 hr (static): 165 mg/liter (Fathead minnow) AQUATIC TOXICITY....:

 $LC_{50}$  - 96 hr (static): Greater than 508 mg/liter (Grass shrimp)

LC<sub>50</sub> - 24 hr (static): Greater than 500 mg/liter

(Dăphnia magna)

## XIII. APPROVALS

REASON FOR ISSUE....: Revising Section III

G.L. Copeland PREPARED BY..... APPROVED BY..... J. H. Chapman

Manager, Product Safety - Polyurethane

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4.03	Submit a copy or reasonable facsimile of any hazard information (other than an MSDS) that is provided to your customers/users regarding the listed substance or any
	formulation containing the listed substance. Indicate whether this information has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.
	Yes 1
	No ②

For each activity that uses the listed substance, circle all the applicable number(s) corresponding to each physical state of the listed substance during the activity listed. Physical states for importing and processing activities are determined at the time you import or begin to process the listed substance. Physical states for manufacturing, storage, disposal and transport activities are determined using the final state of the product.

	Physical State				
Activity	Solid	Slurry	Liquid	Liquified Gas	Gas
Manufacture	1	2	3	4	5
Import	1	2	3	4	5
Process	1	2	3	4	5
Store	1	2	3	4	5
Dispose	1	2	3	4	5
Transport	1	2	3	4	5

<sup>[ ]</sup> Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

Physical State		Manufacture	Import	Process	Store	Dispose	Tra
Dust	<1 micron						
	1 to <5 microns					·	
	5 to <10 microns						
Powder	<1 micron						
	1 to <5 microns						
	5 to <10 microns						<del></del>
Fiber	<1 micron						
	1 to <5 microns						
	5 to <10 microns						
Aerosol	<1 micron						. <u>-</u>
	1 to <5 microns						
	5 to <10 microns		<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>				
		N/A					-13

SE	CTI	ON	5	ENVIRONMENT	CAT.	FATE

1) In	dicate the rate constants for the following transfo	rmation processes.	
a.	Photolysis:		
	Absorption spectrum coefficient (peak)	(1/M cm) at	nr
	Reaction quantum yield, ø	at	nr
	Direct photolysis rate constant, k <sub>p</sub> , at	1/hr	lati
ь.	Oxidation constants at 25°C:		
	For <sup>1</sup> 0 <sub>2</sub> (singlet oxygen), k <sub>ox</sub>		1/
	For RO <sub>2</sub> (peroxy radical), k <sub>ox</sub>		
c.	Five-day biochemical oxygen demand, BOD <sub>5</sub>		
d.	Biotransformation rate constant:		
	For bacterial transformation in water, $k_b$		1/
	Specify culture		
e.	Hydrolysis rate constants:		
	For base-promoted process, k <sub>B</sub>		1/
	For acid-promoted process, k,		
	For neutral process, k <sub>N</sub>		
f.	Chemical reduction rate (specify conditions)		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		*
	·		

 $[\ \ ]$  Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

(5.02) a.	PARTITION COEFFICIENTS  Specify the half-life	- N/A		
	Specify the half-life	or the fisted suc	Half-life (speci	
	Groundwater			
	Atmosphere			
	Surface water			
	Soil			
ь.	Identify the listed su life greater than 24 h	ibstance's known to	ransformation product	s that have a half-
	CAS No.	Name	Half-life (specify units)	Media
				in _
				in
				in
				in
	eify the octanol-water produced of calculation or de			
Spec Soil	ify the soil-water part	ition coefficient	, K <sub>d</sub>	at 25°0
.05) Spec coef	ify the organic carbon-ficient, K <sub>oc</sub>	water partition		at 25°C
.06) Speci	ify the Henry's Law Con	stant, H	•••••	atm-m³/mole
	(X) this box if you at	tach a continuatio	n sheet	

Bioconcentration Factor  N/A	Species	<u>Test</u> <sup>1</sup>
~/K		
<sup>1</sup> Use the following codes to desi	gnate the type of test:	
<pre>F = Flowthrough S = Static</pre>		
		i
	•	

6.04 CBI	For each market listed below, state to the listed substance sold or transfer	he quantity sold and th red in bulk during the	e total sales value of reporting year.				
[_]	Market N/A Retail sales	Quantity Sold or Transferred (kg/yr)	Total Sales Value (\$/yr)				
	Distribution Wholesalers						
	Distribution Retailers						
	Intra-company transfer						
	Repackagers						
	Mixture producers						
	Article producers						
	Other chemical manufacturers or processors						
	Exporters						
	Other (specify)						
6.05) CBI	Substitutes List all known commercially feasible substitutes that you know exist for the listed substance and state the cost of each substitute. A commercially feasible substitute is one which is economically and technologically feasible to use in your current operation, and which results in a final product with comparable performance in its end uses.						
[_]	Substitute		Cost (\$/kg)				
	N/A		0031 (47.18)				
		-					
			=======================================				
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a cont	inuation sheet.	····				
_							

# SECTION 7 MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING INFORMATION

### General Instructions:

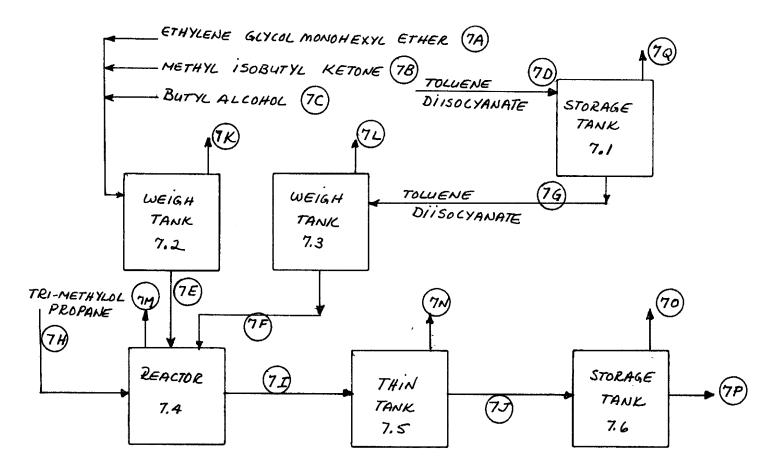
For questions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram provided in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the information is extracted.

### PART A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION

(7.01) In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing the major (greatest volume) process type involving the listed substance.

CBI

Process type ...... ALCOHOL ADVANCED TOI POLYMER



[\_\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

(7.03) CBI	In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all process emission streams and emission points that contain the listed substance and which, if combined, would total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not treated before emission into the environment. If all such emissions are released from one process type, provide a process block flow diagram using the instructions for question 7.01. If all such emissions are released from more than one process type, provide a process block flow diagram showing each process type as a separate block.
[_]	Process type ALCOHOL ADVANCED TOI POLYMER
	SAME AS 7.01
	, .

 $[ \underline{\phantom{a}} ]$  Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

<u>31</u>	process type				-y - 201 - Cuc.
_]	Process type	ALCOHOL A	DVANCED TOI	POLYMER	
	Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range (mm Hg)	Vessel Composit
	7./	STORAGE TANK	AMBIENT	ATM	<u> </u>
	7.3	WEIGH TANK	AMBIENT	ATM	<u> </u>
	<u>7.4</u>	REACTOR	35-200°C	ATM	<u> </u>
			-		
			-		<del></del>
			•		
					3

CBI	question and o	flow diagram is provided for more complete it separately for each process	cess type. who pays the	, photocopy thi
[_]	Process type .	ALCOHOL ADVANCED	TOI POLYMEN	2
	Process Stream ID Code	Process Stream _Description	Physical case 1	Stream
	70	RAW MATERIAL UNLOADING	Physical State <sup>1</sup> OL	Plov (kg/yt)
	7 <i>F</i>	RAW MATERIAL FEED	OL	1,061,753
	76.	RAW MATERIAL CHARGE	04	1,061,753
	76	WEIGH TANK VENT	GU	1,061,753
	7M	REACTOR VENT	GU	0.24
:	70	STORAGE TANK VENT	GU	0.24
				0.24

Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream:

GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

SO = Solid

SY = Sludge or slurry

AL = Aqueous liquid

OL = Organic liquid

IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% vater, 10% toluene)

<sup>[ ]</sup> Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

_]	Process type	ALCOHOL	ADVANCED	TOI POLYME	۷
	a.	b.	с.	d.	e.
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds	Concen- trations <sup>2,3</sup> (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentration (% or ppm)
	70	TDI	100%	0	
	76	TDI	100%	0	0
	- - - - -	TDI	100%	0	0
	- - -				
6	continued bel	.ow	<b></b>	•	

7.	06	conti	nued)
----	----	-------	-------

For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentration (% or ppm)
1	N/A	
2		
3		
4		
5		
<sup>2</sup> ligo the fellowing and a		
A = Analytical result	to designate how the concentrat:	ion was determined:
E = Engineering judgeme	nt/calculation	
<sup>3</sup> Use the following codes	to designate how the concentrati	on was measured:
V = Volume		
W = Weight		

# SECTION 8 RESIDUAL TREATMENT GENERATION, CHARACTERIZATION, TRANSPORTATION, AND HANAGEMENT

# General Instructions:

For questions 8.04-8.06, provide a separate response for each residual treatment block flow diagram provided in question 8.01, 8.02 or 8.03. Identify the process type from which the

For questions 8.05-8.33, the Stream Identification Code(s) are those process streams listed in either the Section 7 or Section 8 block flow diagrams which contain residuals for each applicable waste management method.

For questions 8.07-8.33, if residuals are combined before they are handled, list those Stream Identification Codes on the same line.

Questions 8.09-8.33 refer to the waste management activities involving the residuals identified in either the Section 7 or Section 8 block flow diagrams. Not all Stream Identification Codes used in the sample answers (e.g., for the incinerator questions) have corresponding process streams identified in the block flow diagram(s). These Stream Identification codes are for illustrative purposes only.

For questions 8.11-8.33, if you have provided the information requested on one of the EPA Office of Solid Vaste surveys listed below within the three years prior to your reporting year, you may submit a copy or reasonable facsimile in lieu of answering those questions which the survey addresses. The applicable surveys are: (1) Hazardous Vaste Treatment, Storage, Disposal, and Recycling Survey; (2) Hazardous Vaste Generator Survey; or (3) Subtitle D Industrial Facility Mail Survey.

[_]	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	a	continuation	she	eet.			
									•					

Process type ALCOHOL ADVANCED TDI POLYMER.  N/A	PART A RESIDUAL TREATMENT PROCESS DESCRIPTION  8.01 In accordance with the instructions, provide a residual treatment block flow diagram which describes the treatment process used for residuals identified in question 7.01 CBI						
N/A							
	·						

 $[\ \ ]$  Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1	Process	s type	ALCOH	UL ADVAN	CED TOI	POLYMER	
	а.	b.	c.	d.	е.	f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Waste	Physical State of Residual <sup>2</sup>	Known Compounds <sup>3</sup>	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) 4,5,6	Other Expected Compounds	Estimat Concen tration (% or pp
					<del></del>		-
•							
					-		
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

# 8.05 (continued) <sup>1</sup>Use the following codes to designate the type of hazardous waste: I = Ignitable C = Corrosive R = Reactive E = EP toxicT = ToxicH = Acutely hazardous

<sup>2</sup>Use the following codes to designate the physical state of the residual:

GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure)

SO = Solid

SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid

OL = Organic liquid

IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)

### 8.05 continued below

Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

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ο.	כט	(continu	iea i

<sup>3</sup>For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column d. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

	Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentrations (% or ppm)
	1	N/A	
	2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		<del></del>	
	3		
	4		
	5		
		, _	
	<sup>4</sup> Use the following cod	es to designate how the concentration	was determined:
	A = Analytical result		was determined.
	E = Engineering judge	ment/calculation	
8.05	continued below		
[_]	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a continuation sheet.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		56	

Ω.	05	(continue	1)
υ.	~	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,

<sup>5</sup>Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:

V = Volume

W = Weight

<sup>6</sup>Specify the analytical test methods used and their detection limits in the table below. Assign a code to each test method used and list those codes in column e.

Code	Method	1	Detection Limit ( <u>+</u> ug/l)
1	N/A		
_2			
_3			
4			
_5			
6			

[\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

[_]	Process	type	Acco	HOL ADVA	NCED TOI PO	DLYMER.	
	a. Stream ID Code	Vaste Description Code	Management Method Code <sup>2</sup>	d. Residual Quantities _(kg/yr)	e.  Management of Residual (%) On-Site Off-Site	f. Costs for Off-Site Management (per kg)	g. Changes i Managemen Methods
	_ <i>N/A</i>						
					, .		
					esignate the waste esignate the manage		

# EXHIBIT 8-1. (Refers to question 8.06(b))

# WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES

These waste description codes were developed specifically for this survey to supplement the descriptions listed with the RCRA and other waste codes, (These waste description codes are not regulatory definitions.)

### WASTE DESCRIPTION CODES FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE DESCRIBED BY A SINGLE RCRA F, K, P, OR U WASTE CODE

A01	Spent	cohenni	(F001-F005.	KUBEI
~	Speni	SOIABLIE	10011003.	~~~~

A02 Other organic liquid (F001-F005, K086).

INORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily inorganic and highly fluid (e.g., aqueous), with low suspended inorganic solids and low organic content

- 801 Aqueous waste with low solvents
- 802 Aqueous waste with low other toxic organics
- 803 Spent acid with metals
- 804 Spent acid without metals
- BOS Acidic aqueous waste
- 806 Caustic solution with metals but no cyanides
- B07 Caustic solution with metals and cyanides
- B08 Caustic solution with cyanides but no metals
- 809 Spent caustic
- B10 Caustic aqueous waste
- B11 Aqueous waste with reactive sulfides
- 812 Aqueous waste with other reactives (e.g., explosives)
- 813. Other aqueous waste with high dissolved solids
- 914. Other aqueous waste with low dissolved solids
- B15 Scrubber water
- 816 Leachate
- B17 Waste liquid mercury
- B18. Other inorganic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes"

INORGANIC SLUDGES-Waste that is primarify inorganic, with moderate-to-high water content and low organic content; pumpable.

- B19 Lime sludge without metals
- B20 Lime studge with metals/metal hydroxide sludge
- 821 Wastewater treatment sludge with toxic organics
- B22 Other wastewater treatment sludge
- 823 Untreated plating studge without cyanides
- B24. Untreated plating sludge with cyanides
- B25 Other studge with cyanides
- 826 Sludge with reactive sulfides
- **B27** Sludge with other reactives
- 828 Degreasing sludge with metal scale or filings
- 829 Air pollution control device sludge (e.g., fly ash, wet scrubber sludge)
- 830 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with organics
- B31 Sediment or lagoon dragout contaminated with inorganics only

- R32 Drilling mud
- A33 Asbestos slurry or sludge **B34**
- Chloride or other brine sludge **B35** Other inorganic sludge (specify in 'Facility Notes'')

INORGANIC SOLIDS-Waste that is primarily inorganic and solid, with low organic content

- pumpable.
- and low-to-moderate water content; not R36 Soil contaminated with organics
- **B.37** Soil contaminated with inorganics only
- 838 Ash, stag, or other residue from incineration of wastes
- **B39** Other "dry" ash, slag, or thermal residue
- 840 "Dry" lime or metal hydroxide solids chemically "fixed"
- 841 "Dry" time or metal hydroxide solids not "fixed"
- Metal scale, filings, or scrap B42
- **B43** Empty or crushed metal drums or containers
- R44 Battenes or battery parts, casings, cores
- 845 Spent solid filters or adsorbents
- **B46** Asbestos solids and debns 847 Metal-cyanide salts/chemicals
- Reactive cyanide satts/chemicals 848
- 849 Reactive sulfide salts/chemicals
- **BS0** Other reactive saits/chemicals
- **B**51 Other metal salts/chemicals
- **B52** Other waste inorganic chemicals
- **BS3** Lab packs of old chemicals only 854 Lab packs of debns only
- Mixed lab packs 855
- RSS Other inorganic solids (specify in
  - 'Facility Notes'')

INORGANIC GASES—Waste that is primarily inorganic with a low organic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

857 Inorganic gases

ORGANIC LIQUIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and is highly fluid, with low inorganic solids content and low-to-moderate water content

- 858 Concentrated solvent-water solution
- **B**59 Halogenated (e.g., chlonnated) solvent
- B60 Nonhalogenated solvent

- Halogenated/nonhalogenated solvent B61 mixture
- B62 Oil-water emulsion or mixture
- 863 Waste oil
- **B64** Concentrated aqueous solution of other organics
- Concentrated phenolics **B65**
- **B66** Organic paint, ink, facquer, or varnish
- 867 Adhesives or expoxies
- Paint thinner or petroleum distillates
- **B**69 Reactive or polymerizable organic liquid
- Other organic liquid (specify in "Facility Notes")

ORGANIC SLUDGES—Waste that is primarily organic, with low-to-moderate inorganic solids content and water content; pumpable

- Still bottoms of halogenated (e.g., chlori-
- nated) solvents or other organic liquids. 872 Still bottoms of nonhalogenated
- solvents or other organic liquids
- 873 Oily sludge
- Organic paint or ink studge
- Reactive or polymerizable organics 875
- Resins, tars, or tarry sludge
- **B77** Biological treatment sludge
- **B78** Sewage or other untreated biological sludge
- A79 Other organic studge (specify in 'Facility Notes")

ORGANIC SOLIDS—Waste that is primarily organic and solid, with low-to-moderate inorganic content and water content; not pumpable.

- RAC Halogenated pesticide solid
- 861 Nonhalogenated pesticide solid
- Solid resins or polymenzed organics 882
- 883 Spent carbon
- **B84** Reactive organic solid
- B85 Empty fiber or plastic containers 886 Lab packs of old chemicals only
- 887 Lab pecks of debris only
- 888 Mixed lab packs
- Other halogenated organic solid
- Other nonhalogenated organic solid

ORGANIC GASES-Waste that is primarily organic with low-to-moderate inorganic content and is a gas at atmospheric pressure.

B91 Organic gases

A03 Still bottom (F001-F005, K086)

A04 Other organic studge (F001-F005, K086)

A05. Wastewater or aqueous mixture

A06 Contaminated soil or cleanup residue

A07. Other F or K waste, exactly as described\*

A08 Concentrated off-spec or discarded product

A09 Empty containers

A10 Incinerator ash

A11 Solidified treatment residue

Other treatment residue (specify in A12 Facility Notes 1

A13. Other untreated waste (specify in "Facility Notes")

<sup>&</sup>quot;Exactly as described" means that the waste matches the description of the RCRA waste code

# EXHIBIT 8-2. (Refers to question 8.06(c))

### MANAGEMENT METHODS

MANAGEMEN	T METHODS
M1 = Discharge to publicly owned	Recovery of solvents and liquid organics
vastevater treatment works	for reuse
M2 = Discharge to surface water under	1SR Fractionation
NPDES	2SR Batch still distillation
M3 = Discharge to off-site, privately	3SR Solvent extraction
ovned vastevater treatment works	4SR Thin-film evaporation
M4 = Scrubber: a) caustic; b) water;	5SR Filtration
c) other	6SR Phase separation
M5 = Vent to: a) atmosphere; b) flare;	7SR Dessication
c) other (specify)	8SR Other solvent recovery
M6 = Other (specify)	Pagazama of makela
TREATMENT AND RECYCLING	Recovery of metals  1MR Activated carbon (for metals
	recovery)
Incineration/thermal treatment	2MR Electrodialysis (for metals
1I Liquid injection	recovery)
2I Rotary or rocking kiln	3MR Electrolytic metal recovery
3I Rotary kiln with a liquid injection	4MR Ion exchange (for metals recovery)
unit	5MR Reverse osmosis (for metals
4I Two stage	recovery)
5I Fixed hearth	6MR Solvent extraction (for metals
6I Multiple hearth	recovery)
7I Fluidized bed 8I Infrared	7MR Ultrafiltration (for metals
	recovery)
9I Fume/vapor 10I Pyrolytic destructor	8MR Other metals recovery
111 Other incineration/thermal	UAssa A
treatment	Vastevater Treatment
v	After each wastewater treatment type
Reuse as fuel	listed below (1WT - 66WT) specify
1RF Cement kiln	<ul><li>a) tank; or b) surface impoundment (i.e., 63WTa)</li></ul>
2RF Aggregate kiln	(I.e., OSWIA)
3RF Asphalt kiln	Equalization
4RF Other kiln	1WT Equalization
5RF Blast furnace	1
6RF Sulfur recovery furnace	Cyanide oxidation
7RF Smelting, melting, or refining	2VT Alkaline chlorination
furnace	3VT Ozone
8RF Coke oven	4WT Electrochemical
9RF Other industrial furnace 10RF Industrial boiler	5WT Other cyanide oxidation
11RF Utility boiler	
12RF Process heater	General oxidation (including
13RF Other reuse as fuel unit	disinfection)
ish other rease as ruer and	6WT Chlorination 7WT Ozonation
Puel Blending	8WT UV radiation
1FB Fuel blending	9WT Other general oxidation
_	other general oxidation
Solidification	Chemical precipitation <sup>1</sup>
1S Cement or cement/silicate processes	10VT Lime
2S Pozzolanic processes	11VT Sodium hydroxide
3S Asphaltic processes	12VT Soda ash
4S Thermoplastic techniques	13VT Sulfide
5S Organic polymer techniques	14WT Other chemical precipitation
6S Jacketing (macro-encapsulation) 7S Other solidification	
7S Other solidification	Chromium reduction
	15WT Sodium bisulfite
	IDMI SHITHE MIGUIDA

16WT Sulfur dioxide

# EXHIBIT 8-2. (continued)

# MANAGEMENT METHODS

17WT Ferrous sulfate 18WT Other chromium reduction

Complexed metals treatment (other than chemical precipitation by pH adjustment)
19WT Complexed metals treatment

Emulsion breaking 20WT Thermal 21WT Chemical 22WT Other emulsion breaking

Adsorption
23VT Carbon adsorption
24VT Ion exchange
25VT Resin adsorption
26VT Other adsorption

Stripping 27WT Air stripping 28WT Steam stripping 29WT Other stripping

Evaporation
30WT Thermal
31WT Solar
32WT Vapor recompression
33WT Other evaporation

Filtration
34VT Diatomaceous earth
35VT Sand
36VT Multimedia
37VT Other filtration

Sludge dewatering
38VT Gravity thickening
39VT Vacuum filtration
40VT Pressure filtration (belt, plate and frame, or leaf)
41VT Centrifuge
42VT Other sludge dewatering

Air flotation 43WT Dissolved air flotation 44WT Partial aeration 45WT Air dispersion 46WT Other air flotation

0il skimming 47WT Gravity separation 48VT Coalescing plate separation 49VT Other oil skimming

Other liquid phase separation 50WT Decanting 51WT Other liquid phase separation

Biological treatment 52VT Activated sludge 53VT Fixed film-trickling filter 54VT Fixed film-rotating contactor 55VT Lagoon or basin, aerated 56VT Lagoon, facultative 57VT Anaerobic 58VT Other biological treatment

Other wastewater treatment
59WT Wet air oxidation
60WT Neutralization
61WT Nitrification
62WT Denitrification
63WT Flocculation and/or coagulation
64WT Settling (clarification)
65WT Reverse osmosis
66WT Other wastewater treatment

### OTHER VASTE TREATMENT

1TR Other treatment 2TR Other recovery for reuse

#### ACCUMULATION

1A Containers 2A Tanks

## STORAGE

1ST Container (i.e., barrel, drum)
2ST Tank
3ST Waste pile
4ST Surface impoundment
5ST Other storage

### DISPOSAL

1D Landfill

2D Land treatment

3D Surface impoundment (to be closed as a landfill)

4D Underground injection well

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Chemical precipitation is a treatment operation whereby the pH of a waste is adjusted to the range necessary for removal (precipitation) of contaminants. However, if the pH is adjusted solely to achieve a neutral pH, THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONSIDERED NEUTRALIZATION (60VT).

CBI	N/A	colock or residual treatments Combustion		Loca	tion of	Residence Time In Combustion Chamber (seconds)		
	, , , ,	Chamber Temperature (°C)			erature nitor			
	Incinerator	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary	
	1							
	2							
	3							
	Indicate by circl	e if Office ing the app	of Solid Wast ropriate resp	e survey has onse.	s been submit	ted in lieu	of response	
	Yes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	No	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			2	
8.23 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Complete the fare used on-si treatment bloc	k flow diagr	the residuals	hree largest identified	(by capacity in your proce	ess block or	residual	
<u>CBI</u>	are used on-si	te to ourn i	the residuals ram(s).	identified	(by capacity in your proce	y) incinerat ess block or Types Emission Avail	residual of s Data	
<u>CBI</u>	Incinerator	k flow diagr	the residuals ram(s). Air Pol	identified	(by capacity in your proce	ess block or Types Emission	residual of s Data	
<u>CBI</u>	Incinerator  2  Indicate	te to burn to k flow diago	the residuals ram(s). Air Pol	llution Device	in your proce	ess block or Types Emission Avail	residual of s Data able	
<u>CBI</u>	Incinerator  1 2 Indicate by circle	if Office o	Air Pol Control	llution Device <sup>1</sup>	been submitt	Types Emission Avail	of s Data able of response	
<u>CBI</u>	Incinerator  1 2 3 Indicate by circl: Yes	if Office o	Air Pol Control	llution Device  survey has	been submitt	Types Emission Avail	of s Data able of response	
<u>CBI</u> ()	Incinerator  1 2 3 Indicate by circl: Yes	if Office o	Air Pol Control	llution Device  survey has	been submitt	Types Emission Avail	of s Data able of response	

# PART A EMPLOYMENT AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PROFILE

_]		intained for:	Year in Which Data Collection	Number of Years Records
Data Element	Hourly Workers	Salaried Workers	Began	Are Maintained
Date of hire	X	Χ	DATE OF HIRE	INDEFINITE
Age at hire	X	X	4	ON RETIREES AND ALL
Work history of individual before employment at your facility	X	X	и	other Employees "
Sex	X	X	//	11
Race		-		
Job titles	X	X		u -
Start date for each job title	X	X		11
End date for each job title	X	X	"	
Work area industrial hygiene monitoring data	X	X	1966	30 YRS
Personal employee monitoring data	×	X	1966	30 YRS
Employee medical history	X_	X	DATE OF HIRE & EVERY 5 YRS	DURATION OF EMPLOYMENT
Employee smoking history	X	×	K	PLUS 30 YRS.
Accident history	X	X	OSHA LOGS MAINTAINED FOR	<i></i>
Retirement date	X	X	SYRS . INDEFINITE	11
Termination date	X	×	"	11
Vital status of retirees	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cause of death data	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>[</sup>\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

<b>a.</b>	b.	c.	d.	e.
Activity	Process Category	Yearly Quantity (kg)	Total Workers	Total Worker-Ho
Manufacture of the listed substance	Enclosed			
fisted substance	Controlled Release			
	0pen		-	
On-site use as	Enclosed	1,061,753	25	3496
reactant	Controlled Release			
	0pen			
On-site use as nonreactant	Enclosed			
nonreactant	Controlled Release			
	0pen			
On-site preparation of products	Enclosed			
or products	Controlled Release			,
	0pen			

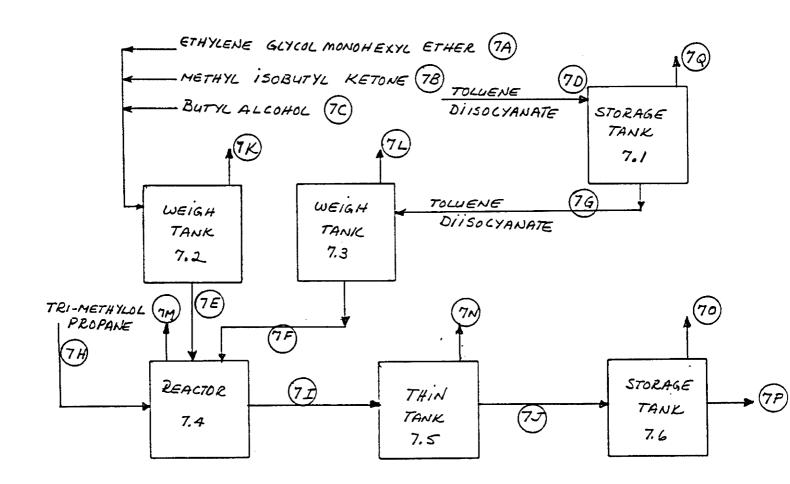
[ <u> </u>	iark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	continuation	sheet.
------------	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	--------------	--------

Labor Category	Descriptive Job Title
A	
В	RESIN COOKER  RECEIVING CHECKER
С	
D	
E	
F	
G	
Н	
I	
J	
	, <u>.</u>

1.04 In accordance with the instructions, provide your process block flow diagram(s) and indicate associated work areas.

CBI

Process type ..... ALCOHOL ADVANCED TOI POLYMER



<sup>[</sup>\_\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.05	may potentially come is additional areas not s	work area(s) shown in question 9.04 that encompass workers who in contact with or be exposed to the listed substance. Add any shown in the process block flow diagram in question 7.01 or question and complete it separately for each process type.
<u>CBI</u>		
[_]	Process type	ALCOHOL ADVANCED TOI POLYMER
	Work Area ID	Description of Work Areas and Worker Activities
	1	RAW MATERIAL UNCOADING
	2	CHARGING TO PROCESS VESSEL
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
	7	
	8	
	9	
	10	
[-]	Mark (X) this box if yo	ou attach a continuation sheet.

		CCOHOL ADVANCED					
Work ar	ea		<u>Rau</u>	MATERIAL	<u>UNCOAL</u>		
Labo Catego	i i	(e.g., direct skin contact)	Physical State of Listed Substance <sup>1</sup>	Average Length of Exposure Per Day <sup>2</sup>	Numbe Days Yea Expo		
B	,	UPSET CONDITION	SAL	0	C		
				EMPLOYEE WE AIR SUPPLIES RESPIRATOR.	ρ		
	<del></del>						
					<del></del>		
<del></del>		<u> </u>					
<sup>1</sup> Use the	e following codes int of exposure:	to designate the phy	sical state of	the listed su	ıbstance		
	Gas (condensible a		= Sludge or s				
	temperature and pr Gas (uncondensible		AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g.,				
	temperature and princludes fumes, va	•					
	Solid	apors, etc.,		10% toluene)			
<sup>2</sup> Use the	e following codes	to designate average	verage length of exposure per day:				
	minutes or less eater than 15 minu		Greater than exceeding 4	2 hours, but	not		
exc	eeding 1 hour	<b>E</b> :	= Greater than	4 hours, but	not		
C - C*c	eater than one hou	ır, but not	exceeding 8	hours			

<u>[</u>	come in con	tact with or b	e exposed to th	t encompasses wor e listed substanc ess type and work	e. Photocopy tl	his quest			
<u></u> ]	Process type ALCOHOL ADVANCED TDI POLYMER								
	Work area .			CHARGING TO PROC					
	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., dir skin conta  UPSET CONDI	ect Listed ct) Substance	Length of Exposure	Number Days p Year Expos			
	Use the following the point of	llowing codes of exposure:	to designate th	e physical state	of the listed s	ubstance			
	tempe GU = Gas ( tempe	condensible as erature and produced function and produced fumes, variations of the condensible and produced fumes, variations fumes, varia	essure) at ambient essure;	SY = Sludge or AL = Aqueous 1 OL = Organic 1 IL = Immiscibl (specify 90% water	iquid iquid				
	<sup>2</sup> Use the fol	lowing codes 1	to designate av	erage length of e	xposure per day:	:			
	B = Greater exceedi C = Greater	ites or less than 15 minut ng 1 hour than one hour ng 2 hours		exceeding	an 4 hours, but 8 hours				

1	Process type	ALCOHOL ADVANCED TOI	POLYMER
	Work area		MATERIAL UNLOADING
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m <sup>3</sup> , other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Lev (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify
	B		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

BI —]	Process type	ALCOHOL ADVANCED	TDI POLYMER
			HARING TO PROCESS VESSEL
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Leve (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)
	A		0.
		Marining and a second s	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	-		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			•
	-		
			•
		, .	

[_]	Sample Type	Sa	mpling and Analyti	cal Methodolog	<u>y</u>
	OPEN-FACED CASSETT	res OSHA	METHOD 42.	(ACTIVE SAMI	UNG
	(ALL SAMPLES)	, ,	IG A GLASS FIB	ER FILTER C	DATED
			- PYRIDYL ) PIP		
	11.1		CONTAINED IN		
	and the second s		SAMPLE ANALYZ		
		LIQUIO CHRO.	MATOGRAPHY (HP.	LC) USING AN	ULTRAVIOLET
9.10	If you conduct persona specify the following	al and/or ambient information for e	air monitoring for ach equipment type	the listed sue used.	ibstance,
CBI				Averaging	
[_]	Equipment Type	Detection Limit <sup>2</sup>	Manufacturer	Time (hr)	Model Number
	D (AREA)	0.002-0.45 PPM.	MSA	<u>0.25-0.<b>3</b>8</u>	<u> </u>
	D (PERSONAL)	(0.004 ppm	MSA	0.25-0.56	G
		, sing ,			
	<sup>1</sup> Use the following cod	les to designate p	ersonal air monito	oring equipmen	t types:
	A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtrati D = Other (specify) Use the following cod E = Stationary monito F = Stationary monito G = Stationary monito H = Mobile monitoring I = Other (specify)	on tube with pump OPEN FACED CAP  des to designate a  pres located within  pres located within  pres located at pla  g equipment (speci	sseme wirth GLA mbien't air monitor work area facility nt boundary fy)	ASS FIBRE F/C ring equipment	IERS & PUMP
	<pre>2Use the following cod A = ppm B = Fibers/cubic cent C = Micrograms/cubic</pre>	timeter (f/çc)	etection limit un	its:	

<u>I</u>					Frequency	
_1	Test Des	cription		(weekly, r	nonthly, ye	arly, etc.)
	N/A		<del>-</del>			
			_			
			_			
			_			
<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>			_			
			_			
						앺

10 miles (10 miles) (1

Describe the engineering of to the listed substance. process type and work area	Photocopy this qu	use to reduce o estion and comp	r eliminate wor lete it separa	rker exposure tely for each
Process type	ALCOHOL A	DVANCED TO	DI POLYMER	,
Work area	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	RAW MATERI	AL UNLOADING
Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded
Ventilation:				
Local exhaust				
General dilution	OUTSIDE UNLOADING		<u> </u>	
Other (specify)				
Vessel emission controls	Y VENT)	4TION 1981	N	
Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	N		-	
Other (specify)				
		<del></del>		

and the second s

.12) BI	Describe the engineering corto the listed substance. Process type and work area.	ntrols that you notocopy this c	use to reduce question and com	or eliminate wor plete it separa	ker exposure ely for each
	Process type	ALCOHOL	ADVANCED	TDI POLYM	NER.
	Work area				_
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded
	Ventilation:				. •
	Local exhaust	-		***************************************	***
	General dilution			<u> </u>	
	Other (specify)				
,	Vessel emission controls				
1	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment				
(	Other (specify)				
_					

THIS IS A CLOSED SYSTEM - NO EXPOSURE FROM STORAGE TANK, TO WEIGH TANK TO REACTOR.

[_]	Mark (X	) this	box	if	you	attach	a	continuation	sheet.	·	

Process type	ALCOHO	L ADVANCED	TOI	POLYMER.
ork area	•			. RAW MATERIAL UNLOADING
Equip	ment or Process	Modification		Reduction in Worker Exposure Per Year (%
	N/A			
		,		•

[ - 1 Pro			process type and	POLYMER.
_, IIO	k area	<u> </u>		 CHARGING TO PROCESS VE
			Modification	Reduction in Worker Exposure Per Year (%
		a section of		 
		and the second s		

<u>CBI</u>	and work area.	opy this question and complete in ALCOHOL HOVANCEO TO			
11	Work area			MATERIAU UNLON	92
					-
			Wear or		
		Equipment Types	Use (Y/N)		
		Respirators (AIR SUPPLIED-)	<u>y</u>		
		Safety goggles/glasses	<u>y</u>		
		Face shields	<u>y</u>		
		Coveralls	<u> </u>		
		Bib aprons	$\overline{}$		
		Chemical-resistant gloves	<del></del>		
		Other (specify)			
		SYNTHETIC CHEMICAL SUIT	<u></u>		
		RUBBER BOOTS	<u> </u>		

[\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

.14 BI	in each work area in	protective and safety equipmorder to reduce or eliminate this question and complete :	their exp	osure to the listed
	Process type	ALCOHOL ADVANCED	TOI	POLYMER.
_,	Work area			CHARGING TO PROCESS VES
		- · · -	Wear or Use	
		Equipment Types	<u>(Y/N)</u> ✓	-
		Respirators	<del></del>	-
		Safety goggles/glasses	<del>/</del>	- CLOSED SYSTEM
		Face shields	_	FOR CHARGING
		Coveralls	<u> </u>	-
		Bib aprons	<u>~~</u>	-
		Chemical-resistant gloves	<u> </u>	-
		Other (specify)		
				-
				-

CBI	Process	type ALCOHOL	. AOVANC	EO TO	I POLYME	R.
-	Work Area	Respirator Type	Average Usage	Fit Tested (Y/N)	Type of Fit Test <sup>2</sup>	Frequency of Fit Tests (per year)
		AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR	E	<u>y</u>	<u>QT</u>	
	2_	N/A			***************************************	
				<u> </u>	P.	
	A = Da B = We C = Mo D = On	ekly nthly ice a year		inal £OPE	RATING YALI	VES 4 FOR
	$A = Da$ $B = We$ $C = Mo$ $D = On$ $E = Ot$ $^{2}Use th$ $QL = Q$	ily ekly nthly		inal £OPE	RATING YALI EMERGENC st: (52)	VES 4 FOR SY USE LOAOS - 1988)
	$A = Da$ $B = We$ $C = Mo$ $D = On$ $E = Ot$ $^{2}Use th$ $QL = Q$	ily ekly nthly ice a year her (specify) <u>DURING HOSE</u> se following codes to designa		inal £OPE	RATING YALI EMERGENC st: (52)	VES 4 FOR 14 USE 1988)
	$A = Da$ $B = We$ $C = Mo$ $D = On$ $E = Ot$ $^{2}Use th$ $QL = Q$	ily ekly nthly ice a year her (specify) <u>DURING HOSE</u> se following codes to designa		inal £OPE	RATING YALI EMERGENC st: (52)	VES & FOR SY USE . KOAOS - 1988)

[\_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

PART	E WORK PRACTICES								
9.19 CBI	eliminate worker exposure to the listed substance (e.g., two worker detection and authorized workers, mark areas with warning signs, insure worker detection and monitoring practices, provide worker training programs, etc.). Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.								
[_]	Process type ALCO	HOL HOVANCE	D IDI FO	LYMER.	70				
	Work area	•••••		. CHARGING	TO PROCESS.  VESSEL				
	N/A - THIS	is A close	eo syste	m .					
9.20	Indicate (X) how often you leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process.  Process type ALCO	ted substance. s type and work  OHOL ADVANC	area. CEO TOI	POLYMER	<u> </u>				
•	Housekeeping Tasks	Less Than Once Per Day		3-4 Times Per Day	More Than 4 Times Per Day				
	Sweeping								
	Vacuuming								
	Water flushing of floors								
	Other (specify)		•						

PART F								
9.19 <u>CBI</u>	Describe all of the work preliminate worker exposure to authorized workers, mark armonitoring practices, proviquestion and complete it seems.	to the listed sur reas with warning	stance (e.g., g signs, insur ing programs.	e worker dete	ection and ecopy this			
[_]	Process type ALCO	WILL ADVANCE	ED TOI F	POLYMER				
	Process type	7704 17011		. RAW MATER	LIAL UNLOADING			
	OCOMPANY EMPLOYEE & DRIVER MUST REMAIN WITH TANKER							
	AT ALL TIMES D	URING UNLO	ADING PROC	ESS. SAFE	TY CONES			
	ARE UTILIZED TO	ISOLATE TAI	NKER FROM	OTHER TA	RAFFIC.			
	WHEELS ARE CH	DOKED IN CUS	TOMARY FA	SHION. L	INIQUE DEDICA			
	FITTINGS ARE PRO	VIDED WITH P	AREA OPERATIO	ING PROCEOURE	TO ELIMINATE ERLORS			
9.20				sk used to cl	ean up routine			
(9.20)	Indicate (X) how often you leaks or spills of the lis separately for each proces	s type and work	area.	s question an	d complete it			
(9.20)	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process  Process type ALCO	ted substance. s type and work  ohol Apvance	area.  TOI	POLYMER.				
(9.20)	leaks or smills of the lis	ted substance. s type and work  ohol Apvance	area.  TOI	POLYMER.				
(9.20)	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process  Process type ALCO	ted substance. s type and work  ohol Apvance	area.  TOI	POLYMER.	More Than 4			
(9.20)	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process Process type ALCO	ted substance. s type and work  oHOL ADVANCE  Less Than	area.  TOI  Tan  ToI  ToI  Tour  Tan  Tour  Tour	POLYMER.  MATERIAL D  3-4 Times	LINLOADING			
9.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process Process type ALC.  Work area	ted substance. s type and work  oHOL ADVANCE  Less Than	area.  TOI  Tan  ToI  ToI  Tour  Tan  Tour  Tour	POLYMER.  MATERIAL D  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
9.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process Process type ALC.  Work area	ted substance. s type and work  oHOL ADVANCE  Less Than	area.  TOI  Tan  ToI  ToI  Tour  Tan  Tour  Tour	POLYMER.  MATERIAL D  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
9.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process Process type ALCOMORN ACCORDANCE TO THE MOUSE ACCORDANCE TO THE PROCESS TO THE P	ted substance. s type and work  oHOL ADVANCE  Less Than	area.  TOI  Tan  ToI  ToI  Tour  Tan  Tour  Tour	POLYMER.  MATERIAL D  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
9.20	leaks or spills of the lisseparately for each process  Process type ALC.  Work area  Housekeeping Tasks  Sweeping  Vacuuming  Water flushing of floors  Other (specify)	ted substance. s type and work  oHOL ADVANCE  Less Than	area.  TOI  Tan  ToI  ToI  Tour  Tan  Tour  Tour	POLYMER.  MATERIAL D  3-4 Times	More Than 4			
9.20	leaks or spills of the lis separately for each process Process type ALCOMORN ALCOMORN ALCOMORN AREA	Less Than Once Per Day  THON TO EAK.  J. MATERIAL IS	TOI S  TOI S  1-2 Times Per Day  MINOR	POLYMER.  MATERIAL D  3-4 Times	More Than 4			

Do you have a written medical action plan for responding to routine or emergency exposure to the listed substance?
Routine exposure
Yes
No
Emergency exposure
Yes
No 2
If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?
Routine exposure:
Emergency exposure: WORK AREA, SAFETY OFFICE
Do you have a written leak and spill cleanup plan that addresses the listed substance? Circle the appropriate response.
Yes
No 2
If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained? WOLK AREA, SAFETY OFFICE
Has this plan been coordinated with state or local government response organizations? Circle the appropriate response.
Yes 1
No 2
Who is responsible for monitoring worker safety at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.
Plant safety specialist
Insurance carrier 2
OSHA consultant 3
Other (specify) 4
Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.24	Who is responsible for safety and health training at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.	
	Plant safety specialist	(
	Insurance carrier	
	OSHA consultant	• •
	Other (specify)	••
9.25	Who is responsible for the medical program at your facility? Circle the appropriatesponse.	ate
	Plant physician	
	Consulting physician	
	Plant nurse	(
	Consulting nurse	••
	Other (specify)	

Mary .

## SECTION 10 ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE

## General Instructions:

Complete Part E (questions 10.23-10.35) for each non-routine release involving the listed substance that occurred during the reporting year. Report on all releases that are equal to or greater than the listed substance's reportable quantity value, RQ, unless the release is federally permitted as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601, or is specifically excluded under the definition of release as defined in 40 CFR 302.3(22). Reportable quantities are codified in 40 CFR Part 302. If the listed substance is not a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and, thus, does not have an RQ, then report releases that exceed 2,270 kg. If such a substance however, is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance, then report those releases that are equal to or greater than the RQ. The facility may have answered these questions or similar questions under the Agency's Accidental Release Information Program and may already have this information readily available. Assign a number to each release and use this number throughout this part to identify the release. Releases over more than a 24-hour period are not single releases, i.e., the release of a chemical substance equal to or greater than an RQ must be reported as a separate release for each 24-hour period the release exceeds the RQ.

For questions 10.25-10.35, answer the questions for each release identified in question 10.23. Photocopy these questions and complete them separately for each release.

10.0	Where is your facility located? Circle all appropriate responses.
CBI	
[_]	Industrial area 1
	Urban area 2
	Residential area
	Agricultural area 4
	Rural area 5
	Adjacent to a park or a recreational area
	Within 1 mile of a navigable waterway 7
	Within 1 mile of a school, university, hospital, or nursing home facility(8)
	Within 1 mile of a non-navigable waterway
	Other (specify)10

	Latitude	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> 42 °                                   </u>	36 ' 45
	Longitude	••••••	082 .	53 , 15
	UTM coordinates Zone	, Nort	hing,	Easting
10.03	If you monitor meteorological contact the following information.	ditions in the vicin	nity of your fa	acility, provide
	Average annual precipitation	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		inches/ye
	Predominant wind direction			
10.04	Indicate the depth to groundwater  Depth to groundwater			meters
10.05 CBI		indicate (Y/N/NA) a t. (Refer to the i	all routine rel	eases of the r a definition
10.05 CBI	Depth to groundwater  For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen	indicate (Y/N/NA) a t. (Refer to the i	all routine rel	eases of the r a definition
0.05 BI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.)	indicate (Y/N/NA) at. (Refer to the i	all routine rel nstructions fo rironmental Rel Water	eases of the r a definition ease
0.05 BI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.)  On-Site Activity	indicate (Y/N/NA) at. (Refer to the i	all routine rel nstructions fo rironmental Rel Water	eases of the r a definition ease
0.05 CBI ]	Depth to groundwater  For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.)  On-Site Activity  Manufacturing	indicate (Y/N/NA) at. (Refer to the i	rironmental Rel	eases of the r a definition ease  Land
0.05 CBI ]	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.)  On-Site Activity  Manufacturing  Importing	indicate (Y/N/NA) at. (Refer to the information in	all routine relanstructions for riconmental Relater  //A  //A	eases of the or a definition ease  Land  N/A
10.05 CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.)  On-Site Activity  Manufacturing  Importing  Processing	indicate (Y/N/NA) at. (Refer to the information Environmental Environmen	all routine rel	eases of the r a definition ease  Land  //A  //A
10.05 CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.)  On-Site Activity  Manufacturing  Importing  Processing  Otherwise used	indicate (Y/N/NA) at. (Refer to the information Environmental Environmen	rironmental Rel Water  N/A  N/A  N/A	eases of the or a definition ease  Land  N/A  N/A  N/A
10.05 CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.)  On-Site Activity  Manufacturing  Importing  Processing  Otherwise used  Product or residual storage	indicate (Y/N/NA) at. (Refer to the information in	all routine rel	eases of the or a definition ease  Land  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A
10.05 CBI	Depth to groundwater  For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environment Y, N, and NA.)  On-Site Activity  Manufacturing  Importing  Processing  Otherwise used  Product or residual storage  Disposal	indicate (Y/N/NA) at. (Refer to the information of	all routine relanstructions for riconmental Relater  Water  M/A  M/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A	eases of the or a definition ease  Land  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A

Stream ID Code	Control Technology	Percent Effic
7./	CONSERVATION VENT	UNKNOW
7.3	CONSERVATION VENT	
7.4	CONDENSER	* 99.5

10.09 <u>CBI</u> [_]	substance in residual transource. Do sources (e.for each presented to the sources of the sources	in terms of a Streatment block for not include ray g., equipment leaders type.	Identify each emission point source containing the listed ream ID Code as identified in your process block or low diagram(s), and provide a description of each point material and product storage vents, or fugitive emission eaks). Photocopy this question and complete it separately
	Point Source		
	ID Code	•	Description of Emission Point Source
	<u>7Q</u>	•	VENT STACK
	7L 7M		VENT STACK
	-	·	
			, <u>.</u>

Mark (X)

) Soc	int urce ID ode	Physical State	Average Emissions (kg/day)	Frequency <sup>2</sup> (days/yr)	AVE Duration <sup>3</sup> (min/day)	Average Emission Factor <sup>4</sup>	Maximum Emission Rate (kg/min)	Maximum Emission Rate Frequency (events/yr)	Maxim Emiss Rat Durat (min/e
	7Q	<u> </u>	.0009	279	22.4	2×10 <sup>-7</sup>	6×10 <sup>-7</sup>	_52	
	74	<u></u>	.0009	279	22.4	2x10-7	6×10 <sup>-7</sup>	/37	2
7	M		.0009	279	22.4	2×10-7	6×10-7	. /37	60
									***************************************
				-					
		<del></del>							
*****		<del></del> ,							
							****		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Frequency of emission at any level of emission

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Duration of emission at any level of emission

 $<sup>^4</sup>$ Average Emission Factor — Provide estimated ( $\pm$  25 percent) emission factor (kg of emission per kg of production of listed substance)

]	Point Source ID Code	Stack Height(m)	Stack Inner Diameter (at outlet) (m)	Exhaust Temperature (°C)	Emission Exit Velocity (m/sec)	Building Height(m)	Building Width(m) <sup>2</sup>	Ven Typ
	79			27°C		N/A	N/A	<u>v</u>
	<u>7L</u>			21°C		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>v</u>
	7M			_27°c_	NEG.			
						-		
					-			
_							•	

H = Horizontal
V = Vertical

	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	continuation sheet.	
--	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	---------------------	--

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Use the following codes to designate vent type:

distribution for each Point Source	in particulate form, indicate the particle ID Code identified in question 10.09. te it separately for each emission point so
Point source ID code	
Size Range (microns)	Mass Fraction (% ± % precisi
< 1	N/A
≥ 1 to < 10	
≥ 10 to < 30	N/A
≥ 30 to < 50	N/A
≥ 50 to < 100	N/A
≥ 100 to < 500	NA
≥ 500	N/A.
	Total = 100%

<sup>[ ]</sup> Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

(10.13)	Equipment Leaks Complet types listed which are exp according to the specified the component. Do this foresidual treatment block for exposed to the listed process, give an overall perposed to the listed substor each process type.	osed to the weight percent each procellow diagram(substance.	listed suent of the ss type is). Do n If this i	bstance a le listed dentified lot includ s a batch	nd which substance in your e equipme or inter	are in se passing process b ent types mittently	rvice through lock or that are operated				
[_]	Process type ALCO	HOL ADVA	NCEA	TOT P	NIVNER						
	Percentage of time per year that the listed substance is exposed to this process type										
	type	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	••••••	–	100 %				
			of Compo of Liste	nents in : d Substan	Service b	y Weight cess Stre	Percent am				
	Equipment Type	Less than 5%	5-10%	11-25%	26 759	76 00%	Greater				
	Pump seals <sup>1</sup>	Thair 5%	5-10%	11-25%	26-75%	76-99%	than 99%				
	Packed	N/A	N/A	N/A	A1/a	.//.	/^				
	Mechanical	2//2	N/A		N/A	<u> </u>	~/A				
	Double mechanical <sup>2</sup>	~/A	N/A		<u>~/A</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
	Compressor seals <sup>1</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	<u>~/A</u>	N/A	N/A				
	Flanges	N/A	N/A	<u> </u>	N/A	<u> </u>	<u>~/A</u>				
	Valves		14/24	~/4	N/A	N/A					
	Gas <sup>3</sup>	N/A	. dA	/*	.4/0		.4/-				
	Liquid	~/A	N/A	<u> </u>	N/A	N/A	<u>~/A</u>				
	Pressure relief devices (Gas or vapor only)		N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	~/A _~/A					
	Sample connections										
	Gas	NA	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>λ//Δ</b>	N/A				
	Liquid	N/A	~/A	AL/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	11/4				
	Open-ended lines <sup>5</sup> (e.g., purge, vent)		<u> </u>	- MA	<u> </u>	10/H	~/ <u>~</u>				
	Gas	N/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
	Liquid	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
10.13	List the number of pump and compressors	compressor	seals, r	ather than	n the num	ber of pu	mps or				

[ ] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

10.13 (continu	ed)
----------------	-----

- If double mechanical seals are operated with the barrier (B) fluid at a pressure greater than the pump stuffing box pressure and/or equipped with a sensor (S) that will detect failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both, indicate with a "B" and/or an "S", respectively
- <sup>3</sup>Conditions existing in the valve during normal operation
- <sup>4</sup>Report all pressure relief devices in service, including those equipped with control devices
- <sup>5</sup>Lines closed during normal operation that would be used during maintenance operations

$\sim$	
(10.14)	Pressure Relief Devices with Controls Complete the following table for those pressure relief devices identified in 10.13 to indicate which pressure relief
	pressure relief devices identified in 10.13 to indicate which pressure relief
CBI	devices in service are controlled. If a pressure relief device is not controlled,
. ——	enter "None" under column c.

a. Number of Pressure Relief Devices	b. Percent Chemicalin Vessel <sup>1</sup>	c.  Control Device	d. Estimated Control Efficiency <sup>2</sup>
/	> 99 %	HATCH COVER RELIEF	> 99%
/	> 99 %	HATCH COVER RELIEF	> 99%
	7 99%	RUPTURE DISK	100%

Refer to the table in question 10.13 and record the percent range given under the heading entitled "Number of Components in Service by Weight Percent of Listed Substance" (e.g., <5%, 5-10%, 11-25%, etc.)

[_]	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	continuation	sheet
-----	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	--------------	-------

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 100 percent for equipment leaks controlled with rupture discs under normal operating conditions. The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 98 percent for emissions routed to a flare under normal operating conditions

_ ]	Process type	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ALCOHOL	ADVANCED	TOI
		Leak Detection		POLYMER		
	Equipment Type	Concentration (ppm or mg/m³) Measured at Inches from Source	Detection Device	of Leak Detection	Repairs Initiated (days after detection)	
	Pump seals					
	Packed					
	Mechanical					
	Double mechanical					
	Compressor seals					
	Flanges					
	Valves					
	Gas					
	Liquid					
	Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only)					
	Sample connections					
	Gas					
	Liquid		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1			
	Open-ended lines					
	Gas					
	Liquid		,			
	•		<del></del>			
	POVA = Portable org FPM = Fixed point m O = Other (specify)	anic vapor analyzer			<b></b>	

or residual tree Floating Vessel Roof Type Seals	Composition of Stored Materials		Vessel	Vessel Filling Duration (min)	Vessel Inner Diameter (m)		Volume	Vessel Emission Controls	Design Flow Rate <sup>5</sup>	Vent Diameter (cm)	Control Efficiency (%)	Bas fo Estim
F N/A	100%	59,302	50	120	3.96	3.20	2584	CONS. VENT	50GPM	15.2	UNKNOWN	
F N/A	100%	59,302	85	20	1.68	2.64	646				UNKNOWN	
										<del></del>	-	
 ilse the followi	 Ing codes to	designate ve	ssel typ	 e:	·	the fo	 llowing	codes to	 designat	 e floatin	g roof seals	
F = Fixed ro CIF = Contact NCIF = Nonconta EFR = External	oof internal flo act internal l floating ro e vessel (ind	nating roof floating roo oof	æ£		MS1 MS2 MS21 I.M1 I.M2	= Mec = Sho R = Rim = Liq = Rim	hanical e-mounte -mounte uid-moun	shoe, printed secondari, secondarited resiluminated shield	mary ry ry			•
U ≖ Undergro	ound				VM1 VM2	= Vap = Rim	or moun	ted resili i secondar	ent fill y	ed seal,	primary	
		the listed s	uhetanco	Include	the total	l volat	ile oro	anic conta	nt in m	ronthool o		
<sup>3</sup> Indicate weight <sup>4</sup> Other than floa	t percent or	the moter s	CLLS CALICE	. 11,41,000	u~ 1014		TAC OLE	ane conte	in ni ha	reines12	1	

C = Calculations
S = Sampling

PART E	NON-ROUTINE RELEASES
<u> </u>	

10.23	Indicate the was stopped.	li there were more	the release occurred than six releases,	and when the release attach a continuation	ceased or sheet and
	Release	Date Started	Time _(am/pm)	Date Stopped	Time _(am/pm)
	1	NONE			

Kelease	Started	(am/pm)	Stopped	(am/pm)
1	NONE			
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				

10.24 Specify the weather conditions at the time of each release.

Release	Wind Speed (km/hr)	Wind Direction	Humidity (%)	Temperature (°C)	Precipitation (Y/N)
1	N/A		4		
2					-
3					
4					
5					
6					

[ ]	Mark (X)	this box	if	you	attach	а	continuation sh	neet.